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# THE WASHINGTON HERALD

All the News of the World by Two Telegraphic and Cable Services—All the News of Washington.

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WEATHER—FAIR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, MAY 1, 1916.

ONE CENT.

## 707 PRISONERS ARE TAKEN IN DUBLIN REVOLT

Countess Markiewicz Declared to Be Among Captives of Crown Troops.

### SURRENDER IS URGED

Peter Pearce, "President of Republic," Said to Have Advised Laying Down Arms.

### MORE FIRES ARE BREAKING OUT

Cavalry, Infantry and Artillery Sent to Wexford to Engage Rebels—Galway Insurrectionists Are Disbanding.

(By the International News Service.) London, April 30.—The situation in Dublin is much more satisfactory. It is hoped the backbone of the rebellion has been broken.

This is the latest official word from the commander-in-chief of the British forces in Ireland.

Peter Pearce, the so-called "president of the republic of Ireland," who surrendered yesterday, today dispatched summons to the rebel leaders throughout Ireland to surrender to the local authorities in their respective localities.

In Dublin itself, 707 prisoners have been captured, including Countess Markiewicz.

#### Official Statement Given.

The following official statement has been received at the Irish office from the commander-in-chief of the British forces in Ireland:

"Throughout the country there is still much to be done which will take time, but it is hoped that the backbone of the rebellion has been broken.

"Last night messages were sent out from the leaders of the rebellion in Dublin to rebel bodies in Galway, Clare, Wexford and Dublin counties, ordering their surrender to the police and the royal Irish constabulary. I am doing my best to disseminate this information.

"As regards the situation in Dublin the rebels from the areas of Sackville street, the postoffice and Four Courts are surrendering freely.

"More incendiary fires occurred in Sackville street last night, but the fire brigade is now able to resume work.

#### 707 Prisoners Taken.

"It is reported that up to the present 707 prisoners had been taken. Included in this number is the Countess Markiewicz.

"A mixed column of cavalry, infantry and artillery, including 47-inch guns, has been sent from Wexford with a view to engaging the rebels.

"The latest information from Ennis-corthy shows that the rebel leader of the place does not believe the rebel leader's message from Dublin and has proceeded to that city in a motor car under escort to verify the information. Meantime a truce exists.

"A deputation with a similar purpose from the rebels at Asbourne has been sent to Dublin. The Galway rebels are believed to be disbanding. A few arrests have been made.

"The situation at New Ross, Gorey, Wicklow, Baginbun and Arklow is reported normal. Carlo and Dunlevy are believed to be quiet."

### COWBOYS ROUT BANDITS.

Two Scouts Slay Three Mexicans and Seize Off Others.

By GEORGE H. CLEMENTS, Sun News Service Correspondent.

Field Headquarters, Punitive Expedition United States Army, April 28, by Motor to Columbus, N. Mex., April 28.—There was an encounter between two scouts and a party of ten bandits near Cocomarac in the Babicora district on last Sunday, showing that there is a general movement to the northward of the remnants of the Villista "army," which was so signally defeated by Col. Dodd's forces at the battle of Guerrero early in the month.

In the fight at Cocomarac a band of ten Villistas was put to rout by two cowboys acting as scouts and who came upon the bandits suddenly. They organized themselves into a skirmish line and charged over the hill with a series of yells, which, judging from the volume of sound, might have emanated from the throats of at least fifty men. The Mexicans left their shelter and made for the oak-covered hills. Three of the bandits were killed.

#### Long Buried Deer Found.

Bellevue, Ark., April 30.—Quarrymen at the place uncovered the body of a deer in a clay pocket in the face of the rock recently when they exploded a large hole. The body was twenty-four feet under ground and had evidently been there for centuries. The horns were the best preserved.

#### Morganthau Has Appendicitis.

New York, April 30.—Henry Morganthau, former ambassador to Turkey, was taken with appendicitis at his home, 270 Seventh-street today.



IRISH PATRIOTS!

## T. R. TO TOUR MIDDLE WEST

Announces Plans for Swing Before Leaving for Oyster Bay.

### AGREES TO GIVE MEMORIAL ADDRESS AT KANSAS CITY

(By the International News Service.) Chicago, April 30.—Before starting back to Oyster Bay this afternoon Theodore Roosevelt announced that he had definitely decided to accept the invitation to deliver the memorial address in Kansas City on May 20.

Tentative plans are under discussion for him to swing into the Middle West, beginning probably at Des Moines about May 15, and devoting the ensuing fifteen days to a series of addresses as far west as Denver, winding up at Kansas City on Memorial Day.

The Colonel's friends are highly pleased with the warmth of last night's reception. The newspapers agree that the demonstration was the most remarkable one that has been witnessed in Chicago in a long time.

This afternoon Harold L. Ickes, Progressive national committeeman from Illinois, gave a luncheon in Roosevelt's honor at Hubbard Woods, seventeen miles north of Chicago. At the head of the list of guests was Walter L. Fisher, Secretary of the Interior in the Taft Cabinet.

Among the other guests were John V. Farwell, a prominent wholesale dry goods merchant and strong supporter of Taft in 1912; Walter M. Lampert, a leading Republican and banker; Conrad H. Poppenhauzen, a well-known German; N. W. MacChesney, president of the Illinois Bar Association; John C. Shaffer, proprietor of several newspapers, and Theodore W. Robinson, vice president of the Illinois Steel Company, who supported Taft in 1912.

#### Wringer Strangles Her.

Pratt, Kan., April 30.—An electric washing machine which she had purchased to make her housework easier caused the death of Mrs. P. M. Gates, when a scarf she had about her neck caught in the clothes wringer and strangled her.

#### German Consul Arrested.

Saloniki, April 30.—English cavalry boarded a train bound from Seres to Drama and took off the German consul at Drama, who had been accused of espionage. He was taken to Saloniki and later placed on board an English vessel.

## Washington Awaits Receipt Of Gerard Cable Reporting Friendly Message of Kaiser

Wilson Said to Have Set Lusitania Anniversary as Limit for German Answer Complying with Demands that U-Boat War on Merchantmen Cease.

Ambassador Gerard has cabled briefly that he is forwarding a long report of his meeting with the German Emperor. The report is understood to convey a message of good will and friendship from the German sovereign and to make it clear to President Wilson and the American people that Germany wants peace with the United States. All Washington is now eagerly awaiting the receipt of Mr. Gerard's dispatch, but up to a late hour last night it had not reached the State Department. It is expected that it will reach President Wilson today.

Officials here, though not wishing to minimize the importance of any imperial message of friendship and good will or the conciliatory attitude of the German Emperor, do not regard Mr. Gerard's dispatch as likely to relieve all tension here. Secretary of State Lansing said last night that the situation remained unchanged.

Reports are current in diplomatic circles that President Wilson has set one week from yesterday—the anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania—as the time for Germany's answer to his note. It is impossible to confirm this, but friends of the President are inclined to regard the reports more seriously than mere speculations.

They point out that the President has told several callers within the last week that he had practically made up his mind as to the length of time he would wait for Germany's reply.

## 200,000 Workers to Strike In New York City Tonight

By L. F. WALBRIDGE, (The Sun News Service.)

New York, April 30.—New York City has seldom, if ever, been confronted with a more serious labor situation than that which is taking shape today. By sundown tomorrow it is altogether probable that 200,000 workers, representing the bulk of the employees in various trades, will be on strike.

But it is not only in New York City that the situation is becoming ominous. Tomorrow, May Day, strikes in about every walk of industrial activity are to be called, if demands previously presented by the workers are not met. As an example, take such a seemingly timorous set of workers as the bakers. Their national organization embraces some 100,000 men. In every city of any size they have demanded higher wages to be paid beginning May 1. It is altogether likely that the demands will be met in New York City, where there are 15,000, and that there will be no strike, but in other cities it is learned that the demands will not be met, and that there will in consequence be a walk-out.

The spirit of unrest has spread and is spreading to every nook and corner of the country. In the words of one commentator on the economic aspect of the situation today, never before has the country been face to face with such a widespread demand for higher wages and shorter hours.

Locally the numbers of workers involved are divided as follows: Garment workers, 60,000; metal workers, 40,000; bakers, 15,000; painters, 20,000; carpenters, 20,000; mineral workers, 1,500; architectural iron workers and bronze erectors, 4,500; and steam plumbers and plumbers, who are not making demands, but who will probably be forced out of work, 10,000.

Perhaps the most important of the future pending and threatened strikes is that of the four great railroad brotherhoods, the trainmen, the engineers, the firemen, and the conductors. Four hundred thousand men are affected.

## FEW MIRRORS AT GIRL CAMP

Only One Looking Glass for Five Fair "War" Students.

### CHEVY CHASE TENT CITY WILL BE OPENED TODAY

They will sleep on cots, five in a tent. Each tent is equipped with a wash basin and an eight by ten mirror. They will have fifteen minutes in which to dress and do their hair. Can it be done?

The 200 society girls who will begin military training at the Chevy Chase camp of the National Training School say that it can.

A Herald reporter prowling in the darkness last night through the camp in search of information was confronted by a watchman, and ordered to get out. "But I'm only having a look at things," objected the reporter.

"Can't help it. No men allowed in here at night. Beat it."

"All right," temporized the reporter, "but before I go tell me one thing. How are five girls going to do their hair before one mirror?"

The watchman grinned. "Ask me an easy one, friend," he said. "It beats me. My wife she has to have two."

The opening of the camp is scheduled for 3 o'clock this afternoon. President Wilson will deliver the address.

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### FRENCH MAKE GAINS.

Two Attacks Successfully Carried Out at Verdun.

Paris, April 30.—Two small attacks were carried out successfully by the French on the west bank of the Meuse in the past twenty-four hours. Last night French detachments occupied a German trench north of Le Mort Homme, taking fifty-three prisoners, and today a German trench north of Cumieres, just to the east, was taken and thirty-three prisoners were captured.

The German artillery directed a heavy bombardment today against the French first and second-line trenches at Le Mort Homme, but no infantry attack was made.

#### Mrs. Lydia P. Roots Dies.

Greenwich, Conn., April 30.—Lydia P. Roots, widow of Dr. John I. Roots, of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., died from pneumonia at the home of her daughter, Miss W. F. Roots, here today. She was about 80 years old.

## Pittsburgh Carmen Vote to Go on Strike

By International News Service

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 1.—Three thousand and one hundred street car men went on strike at midnight, after an eleventh hour conference called by Mayor Armstrong between company and union officials broke up at 11:15 o'clock without agreement.

It is estimated that 300,000 persons will walk to work this morning.

The street railway companies will lose \$32,000 a day in revenue and the men \$8,000 in wages.

## RACE TO SAVE AUTO VICTIM

Friends of Restaurant Proprietor Reach Hospital Too Late.

### GEORGE ZAGOS DIES WHILE MACHINE SPEEDS FOR CITY

Injured in Accident on Maryland Road. Woman and Boy Hurt as Car Overturns.

Death won in a race for the life of George Zagors, 35, of 1125 Tenth street, along the darkened Marlboro road of Maryland last night. Zagors was injured forty miles below Washington in an automobile accident. He died in the arms of his friend, Lee E. Walker, in a speeding automobile racing for Emergency Hospital. Death occurred before the course was half run.

Zagors, who was proprietor of the Ohio lunch room at 814 Fourteenth street, was out for a motor tour with his friend Walker, living at the same Tenth street address, and Walker's wife and son, Sydney. They were returning from Chappell Point Beach, Md. Near Cox Station the automobile, speeding at thirty miles an hour, struck a rut and Zagors lost control.

#### Thrown Against Wheel.

The machine plunged to the roadside and into a barbed wire fence. Zagors was thrown against the steering wheel. Mrs. Walker landed on top of him. Mrs. Walker was badly bruised and a rib was broken. Sydney, the son, was cut across his neck by the barbed wire.

A few moments later, a machine drove up occupied by M. R. Edlavitch and M. J. Edlavitch, of Upper Marlboro, whom Zagors and the Walkers had met at the beach resort. The Edlavitch brothers placed Walker and the three injured persons in the automobile and sped for the home of Dr. Spencer, a mile and a half away. Dr. Spencer pronounced Zagors fatally injured internally.

Forty miles from Washington the race against death was begun. M. R. Edlavitch, disregarding the rough highway, threw on the speed. The injured man rested in the arms of Walker. Half way to Washington Zagors died.

The automobile reached Emergency Hospital about 9 o'clock. Physicians said Zagors had been dead an hour.

### MINERS GET WAGE INCREASE.

Eight-hour Day and Recognition of Union Also Granted.

New York, April 30.—The subcommittee of the anthracite miners announced today that it would report Monday to the tri-district board, or scale committee, of the workers.

The board is expected to endorse the tentative wage agreement entered into between the members of the subcommittee and operators. The agreement will be made public Monday.

The following statement was issued by the anthracite miners: "The agreement entered into gives the miners wage increases from 7 to 15.2 per cent, a form of recognition of the union and an eight-hour day."

### U. S. ARMY TO RETIRE.

By the Sun News Service. El Paso, Tex., April 30.—The United States army, it is almost certain, will be ordered out of Mexico within a week. It will either retire from Mexico or fight Mexico.

Whether the de facto government would declare open war on the American troops is not known, but if the Mexican officers are to be believed, and in this their declarations are confirmed by reports of American army officials now in Mexico, the temper of the Mexican people is such that open clashes between the Americans and Mexicans cannot be staved off very much longer if the Americans remain in Mexico.

### OBREGON ISSUES DEFI.

El Paso, Tex., April 30.—United States troops cannot remain in Mexico, whether one mile or 500 miles south of the border, without offending not only the de facto government, which I represent, but also the sovereign people of Mexico.

Minister of War Obregon made this statement today. The comment followed the announcement that Gen. Scott had been urged to impress upon Gen. Obregon that American troops could be kept in Northern Chihuahua without offense to the de facto government.

## BORDER PARLEY HALTED UNTIL ORDERS ARRIVE

Scott Not Expected to Confer with Obregon Until Tomorrow.

### MEXICAN STANDS FIRM

Refuses to Recede from Demand for Immediate Evacuation of Country.

### FEARS ANOTHER REVOLUTION

American Envoy Assures Obregon that Menace to Southern Republic Would Be Greater if Troops Were Withdrawn.

Following the receipt of a report at the War Department yesterday from Maj. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff of the army, concerning his initial conference with Gen. Alvaro Obregon, minister of war in the Carranza cabinet, it was flatly denied in official circles that Obregon has demanded a withdrawal of the American expedition from Mexico.

(By the Sun News Service.)

El Paso, Texas, April 30.—Mexico's and the United States' military peace commissioners did not meet again today.

Gen. Hugh L. Scott's report on what took place at the conference in Juarez yesterday was not delivered to the President until noon today. He was advised by the War Department, and he stated tonight that he did not expect further instructions until tomorrow.

The insistence of Gen. Alvaro Obregon, Mexican minister of war, that the American troops be withdrawn at once was the barrier upon which the conference split. Gen. Obregon insisted that the American troops must leave Mexico, not merely because the Carranza government wishes, but because, he said, the Carranza government is in actual danger of being overthrown, or at least of facing a formidable revolution if this does not take place.

#### Cites Chihuahua Plot.

Gen. Obregon cited a recent affair in Chihuahua City, in which he said over two hundred men were arrested in a hall where they were plotting the death of Gov. Gutierrez and all Carranza officers in the state, because the Carranza government had permitted the American troops in Mexico.

This affair, he said, was much more serious than the border ever knew, and other and similar affairs might be expected all over the country if the American troops were permitted to remain in Mexico by the de facto government without restraint.

In reply, Gen. Scott laid before the Mexican officials another phase that might endanger the Carranza regime to a greater extent than the danger at home.

#### Scott Tells of Alternative.

Gen. Scott told Gen. Obregon that the American people are in such a frame of mind that if their troops were withdrawn and another raid should take place, similar to the affair at Columbus, it would be impossible to stem the demand for an immediate invasion of war on Mexico. In view of this, Gen. Scott informed Gen. Obregon that it would be possible for Mexico to accept the co-operation of the American troops in curbing the bandits and thus stave off the American sentiment for the American government to make the war on the whole country.

Gen. Scott wired the Mexican demands to his government, and Gen. Obregon reports that he wired the substance of Gen. Scott's remarks to Gen. Carranza. Obregon did not state today whether he had received any reply from the first chief of port, but those in his party say he came here with open instructions to insist upon the withdrawal of the American forces, and to accept no compromise.

### SEVEN PLANES BROUGHT DOWN.

Paris Reports Heavy Losses Inflicted on German Airmen.

Paris, April 30.—Considerable aerial activity is reported again tonight. Seven German machines were brought down today, the official communiques announce. Two of these, both Fokker machine, were attacked in the region of Roye by one French aeroplane, which caused one of the Fokkers to crash to the ground and compelled the pilot of the other to alight.

French aeroplanes brought down two other Fokkers, one near Les Eparges and the other south of Douaumont. Of five German machines which dropped bombs on the region south of Verdun, two were brought down by French aeroplanes, and a third by anti-aircraft guns. Last night a German aeroplane was brought down in the Argonne.

#### Abstinence Worth \$10,000.

La Crosse, Wis., April 30.—On the showing that he had not smoked cigarettes, or drank intoxicating liquor up to the time he was 25, Lucien T. Reid, lawyer, aged 35, has been awarded an inheritance of \$10,000 left him by his grandfather, the late Horace A. Taylor, of Madison, Wis., and Washington, D. C.